## Claims:

- 1. A method for genetically engineering a cell to regulate the expression of a target gene, the method comprising introducing into the cell a regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding a fusion protein comprising a transcription regulatory domain and a composite DNA binding domain, wherein the composite DNA binding domain:
  - (a) binds to the target gene, and
  - (b) contains at least two nucleic acid-binding domains which:
    - (i) do not occur in the same protein in nature,
    - (ii) do not occur in the same protein in the order in which they are present in the composite DNA binding domain, or
    - (iii) do not occur in nature with the same spacing that is present in the composite DNA binding domain.
- 2. The method of claim 1 in which the composite DNA binding domain contains one or more zinc finger domains.
- 3. The method of claim 1 in which the cell is additionally engineered by the introduction thereto of a heterologous target gene linked to a nucleic acid sequence to which the fusion protein binds.
- 4. The method of claim 1 in which the target gene is an endogenous gene of the genetically engineered cell.
- 5. The method of claim 4 in which the target gene is linked to an endogenous nucleotide sequence to which the composite DNA binding domain of the fusion protein binds.
- 6. The method of any of claims 1-5 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription activation domain.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the transcription activation domain is a VP16 or p65 transcription activation domain.
- 8. The method of any of claims 1-5 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription repression domain.
- 9. The method of any of claims 1-5 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell  $ex\ vivo$ .
- 10. The method of claim 6 in which regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.

- 11. The method of claim 7 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 12. The method of claim 8 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 13. The method of any of claims 1-5 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell in a host organism.
- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein the host organism is a mammal.
- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the rodent is a mouse.
- 16. A method for regulating the expression of a target gene in a cell, the method comprising regulatably expressing a nucleic acid encoding a fusion protein comprising a transcription regulatory domain and a composite DNA binding domain, wherein the composite DNA binding domain:
  - (a) binds to the target gene, and
  - (b) contains at least two nucleic acid-binding domains which:
    - (i) do not occur in the same protein in nature,
    - (ii) do not occur in the same protein in the order in which they are present in the composite DNA binding domain, or
    - (iii) do not occur in nature with the same spacing that is present in the composite DNA binding domain.
- 17. The method of claim 16 in which the composite DNA binding domain contains one or more zinc finger domains.
- 18. The method of claim 16 in which the cell is additionally engineered by the introduction thereto of a heterologous target gene linked to a nucleic acid sequence to which the fusion protein binds.
- 19. The method of claim 16 in which the target gene is an endogenous gene of the genetically engineered cell.
- 20. The method of claim 19 in which the target gene is linked to an endogenous nucleotide sequence to which the composite DNA binding domain of the fusion protein binds.
- 21. The method of any of claims 16 20 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription activation domain.
- 22. The method of claim 21 wherein the transcription activation domain is a VP16 or p65 transcription activation domain.

- 23. The method of any of claims 16 20 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription repression domain.
- 24. The method of any of claims 16 20 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 25. The method of claim 21 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 26. The method of claim 22 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 27. The method of claim 23 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell *ex vivo*.
- 28. The method of any of claims 16 20 in which the regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein is introduced into the cell in a host organism.
- 29. The method of claim 28 wherein the host organism is a mammal.
- 30. The method of claim 29 wherein the rodent is a mouse.
- 31. A cell produced by the method of claim 1, and progeny thereof, containing a regulatably expressible nucleic acid encoding the fusion protein comprising a transcription regulatory domain and a composite DNA binding domain, wherein the fusion protein binds to a nucleic acid sequence linked to a target gene.
- 32. The cell of claim 31 in which the composite DNA binding domain contains one or more zinc finger domains.
- 33. The cell of claim 31 in which the target gene is a heterologous gene linked to a nucleic acid sequence to which the fusion protein binds.
- 34. The cell of claim 31 in which the target gene is an endogenous.
- 35. The cell of claim 34 in which the target gene is linked to an endogenous nucleotide sequence to which the composite DNA binding domain of the fusion protein binds.
- 36. The cell of any of claims 31 35 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription activation domain.
- 37. The cell of claim 36 wherein the transcription activation domain is a VP16 or p65 transcription activation domain.
- 38. The cell of any of claims 31 35 in which the transcription regulatory domain is a transcription repression domain.
- 39. A non-human mammal containing the cell of any of claims 31 35.
- 40. A non-human mammal containing the cell of claim 36.
- 41. A non-human mammal containing the cell of claim 37.

- 42. A non-human mammal containing the cell of claim 38.
- 43. A mouse containing the cell of any of claims 31 35.
- 44. A mouse containing the cell of claim 36.
- 45. A mouse containing the cell of claim 37.
- 46. A mouse containing the cell of claim 38.